

BRS

(Business Requirement Specification)

Nordic trading system

A market model for data exchange

Business process: Nordic trading system Version: Status: Date:

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

This document is made and maintained by the Nordic Market Expert Group (NMEG). NMEG is a continuation of earlier Nordic Ediel work started by Ediel Nordic Forum, established in 1995. "Ediel" is used as a term for Nordic data exchange standards, among others based on EDIFACT and XML formats.

Today the Nordic TSOs and the market actors, both in the retail and wholesale markets, exchange documents based on several different formats and standards, such as Ediel (XML and EDIFACT), NOIS (XML), ENTSO-E (XML), ebIX® XML, IEC (CIM/XML), Excel sheets etc. Further, there are several projects run in the Nordic energy market that will change the way the market participants do their work, such as the introduction of data hubs in all the Nordic countries and the introduction of new NEMOs (Nominated Electricity Market Operator). Hence, there is a huge need for identifying harmonisation potential of data exchange standards from various Nordic projects and to influence common exchange standards, in various international standardisation bodies, such as IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission, see www.iec.ch). Increasingly, organisations in the Nordic energy market needs to communicate with several external bodies, hence harmonisation is a necessity.

NMEG is responsible for the development and maintenance of the Nordic Ediel standards, based on available international standards and documented Nordic business processes for data exchange in the energy industry, supporting the Nordic TSOs strategies. NMEG documents existing business processes in a standardised way and will use internationally agreed procedures, where possible.

NMEG also works with harmonisation of communication protocols.

NMEG actively discusses and promotes positions, with a common Nordic voice, when participating in relevant European and worldwide organisations for data exchange standardisation, such as ebIX[®], ENTSO-E and IEC.

This document is a Business Requirement Specification (BRS) detailing the document exchanges related to trade in the Nordic energy market. The focus of the document is the business aspects of the document exchanges and the basis for the document is the ENTSO-E ERRP Implementation Guide [1] and ECAN Implementation Guide [1], together with the ebIX[®], EFET and ENTSO-E Harmonised role model [4].

Note: The documents used in this BRS is not necessarily the documents used today but should be the documents to be used in the future.

1.2 Nordic Energy Domain Model

A Nordic Energy market Domain model, giving an overall overview of the structure and processes used in the Nordic Energy market, can be found in [8].

1.3 NMEG - Nordic Market Expert Group

The document is written by NMEG, see <u>www.ediel.org</u>.

1.4 Terms and notations

The term *document* is used instead of *message* when this is applicable. However, when referencing ENTSO-E document names, the ENTSO-E name will be used, e.g., message, report or document.

When the term TSO is used in this document, it normally also includes the Market Operator.

Documents are described by a class diagram showing the full set of attributes in the related xml schema. In addition, the usage of the document is described by one or more tables detailing the usage of each
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attribute. Optional attributes from the class diagram, not used in the specific data exchange, are omitted from the table. In addition the cardinalities, e.g., [0..1], may be stricter in the detailed descriptions than in the original ENTSO-E documents.

Some abbreviations used:

aFRR	Automatic frequency restoration reserve
BRP	Balance Responsible Party
BSP	Balancing Service Provider
DATCR	Direct Activated Tertiary Control Reserve
FCR-D	Frequency Containment Reserves for Disturbances
FCR-N	Frequency Containment Reserves for Normal operation
FRR	Frequency Restoration Reserve
mFRR	Manual Frequency Restoration Reserve
MOL	Merit Order List
NBM	Nordic Balancing Model
SATCR	Schedule Activated Tertiary Control Reserve
NUCS	Nordic Unavailability Collection System
NBIS	Nordic Balancing Information System
mFRR CM	Capacity Market

1.5 References

- [1] ENTSO-E Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) Library, see <u>https://www.entsoe.eu/publications/electronic-data-interchange-edi-library/</u>.
- [2] IEC 62325: Framework for energy market communications, Part 451, see http://www.iec.ch/:
 - Part 451-1 Acknowledgement business process
 - Part 451-2 Scheduling business process
 - Part 451-3 Transmission capacity allocation business process (explicit or implicit auction)
 - Part 451-4: Settlement and reconciliation business process
 - Part 451-5: Problem statement and status request business processes
 - Part 451-6 Publication of information on market
 - Part 451-7 Balancing processes
- [3] Area Configuration Document UML Model and Schema, 2019-12-11, Approved Document, Version 1.2.
- [4] The Harmonised Role Model, ENTSO-E, ebIX[®] and EFET, see <u>http://www.ebix.org/</u>
- [5] UN/CEFACT Unified Modelling Methodology (UMM), see http://www.unece.org/
- [6] Nordic Ediel Group, Common Nordic XML rules and recommendations, see http://www.ediel.org/
- [7] Nordic Ediel Group, BRS for the Nordic TSO Determine transfer capacity model, see http://www.ediel.org/
- [8] Nordic Ediel Group, BRS for the Nordic TSO Scheduling and Ancillary Services Process, see http://www.ediel.org/
- [9] Nordic Ediel Group, BRS for Nordic operational system, see http://www.ediel.org/
- [10] Nordic Energy Market Domain Model, see http://www.ediel.org/
- [11] Nordic Balancing Market, see https://nordic-balancing.pages.fifty.eu/information/index.html

1.6 Change log

Ver/rel/rev	Changed by	Date	Changes		
2.1.A	Ove Nesvik	20220912	 Update of the following documents to fit the mFRR energy activation market as implemented by NBM: IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (ERRP) IEC/CIM Bid availability document (ERRP) IEC/CIM Ediel Reserve Allocation Result Documer (ERRP) 		
			Added Bid availability document to mFRR EAM (Energy Activation Market) and as document in chapter 5.5.		
			Added new attributes to the Reserve Bid Document: Bid Time Series linkedBidsIdentification multipartBidsIdentification exclusiveBidsIdentification inclusiveBidsIdentification status Linked_BidTimeSeries (associated with BidTimeSeries) mRID status Reason code Updated attribute usage tables, such as added new codes, 		
			 updated cardinalities and added clarifying text. Update of terms and roles: Renamed FRR-A to aFRR Renamed FRR-M to mFRR Replaced Resource Provider with Balancing Service Provider Renamed "Trade on balance regulation market" to "mFRR EAM (Energy Activation Market)" 		
			 Renamed "Trade on reserves option market" to "Trade on mFRR CM" Added (FCR) after "Trade on frequency activation reserves market" 		
			Addition of receiver role A05 Imbalance Responsible Party in the Currency Exchange Rate Market Document Addition of Merit Order List (MOL) document		
2.0.A	Ove Nesvik	20210222	 Complete recast of BRS, including: TSO (SO) is replaced with LFC Operator. Roles and domains are updated to the latest naming and definitions from the HRM [4] A46 Balancing Service Provider is added to all documents where there is a BRP. 		

Ver/rel/rev	Changed by	Date	Changes		
		Date	 All "non-CIM" documents are replaced with CIM versions. Detailed documentation for documents related to the MNA project and NEMO specific documents are removed, the data exchanges in the overviews (Sequence diagrams) are kept. The Area Specification Document is replaced with the latest Area Configuration Document. The ECAN Allocation Result document (Ediel version) is not used anymore in the Nordic trading processes Corrected the Reserve Bid Document: Corrected sequence of attributes in the Bid Time Series according to the latest IEC 62325-451-7 version Added Sender Role A39 Data Provider Corrected the Dependency matrix 		
208	Ove Nesvik	20210215	Correction of editorial error		
2.0.0		20210313	Correction of editorial errors		
2.0.C	UVE NESVIK	20210623	Correction of editorial errors.		

2 Overview of the Nordic energy market domain

2.1 Trade in the overall context (Domain model)

The *Domain model* describes the main business process areas needed to have a well-functioning energy market. The model is important for having a common and agreed understanding on how the energy market works as a basis for development of common methods for exchange of information.



Figure 1: UseCase diagram: Domain model

The domain model of the energy market covers all stages from the structuring of the market until the settlement and billing of consumption and transport of energy, with a focus on the exchange of information:

- Exchange of master data including the Change of Supplier processes
- Trade on different markets, including ancillary services, bilateral trade, etc.
- Planning of production, consumption, exchange and transport
- Operation
- Measuring of production, consumption, exchange and transport
- Settlement
- Billing

The Nordic trading system process is a part of the process area Trade.

For a more elaborated description of the processes include in the domain model, see [10].

2.2 Breakdown of the trading phase

In the rest of this document the Business area (UseCase) Trade is further elaborated.



Figure 2: UseCase diagram: The Nordic trading system process

The *Business Area Trade* outlined in **Figure 2**, concerns principally buying and selling of energy between *Balance responsible parties*, including trade through the Market operators (e.g., Power exchanges), for fulfilling their contractual obligations. In addition, the trading phase includes the trade between *Balance responsible parties* and the *LFC Operators* for managing the operational need for regulation.

In the rest of this document the yellow UseCases, i.e.:

- Trade on aFRR (automatic Frequency Restoration Reserves, earlier LFC) market,
- Trade on mFRR CM (manual Frequency Restoration Reserves Capacity Market),
- Trade on day-ahead market,
- Trade on intraday market,
- Trade on Frequency activated reserves market (FCR),
- Trade on mFRR EAM (manual Frequency Restoration Reserves Energy Activation Market)
- Bilateral trade between LFC Operators

are further elaborated, while the UseCase Determine transfer capacity is documented in a separate BRS [7].



Figure 3 Activity diagram: The Nordic trading system process

Bilateral trade is restricted to a given *Bidding Zone*, while trade on the *day-ahead*, *Adjustment and mFRR EAM* may be between *Bidding Zones*, i.e., through the *Market operator*, *LFC Operators* or between *LFC Operators*.

The *mFFR CM* is a tool to ensure enough fast reserves for the *mFRR EAM*, especially during wintertime when the load is high. The market is based on weekly contracts. There is no common *mFRR CM* within the Nordic power system and currently only used in Denmark and Norway.

The *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)* is a market that is weekly, daily and hourly based. In addition to national markets, the *Frequency activated reserves (FCR)* are traded between the Nordic TSO's on a bilateral basis.



2.3 Overview of information exchange for operational markets

Figure 4 Sequence diagram: Overview of information exchange for operational markets Nordic Market Expert Group

Process area	Arrow		Documentation	
Trade on aFRR market	1.0	Area Specification	IEC/CIM Area Configuration Document, see 5.2.	
	1.1	Auction Specification	IEC/CIM Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document, see 5.3.	
	1.2	aFRR bids	IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document), see 5.4.	
	1.3	aFRR contracts	IEC/CIM Reserve Allocation Result Document (ERRP), see 5.6.	
	1.4	aFRR summary report	IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document (ECAN), see 5.7.	
Trade on mFRR CM	2.0	Area specification	5.2, see: IEC/CIM Area Configuration Document.	
	2.1	Auction specification	5.3, see: IEC/CIM Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document.	
	2.2	mFRR CM bids		
			IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document), see 5.4.	
	2.3	mFRR CM contracts	IEC/CIM Reserve Allocation Result Document (ERRP), see 5.6.	
	2.4	mFRR CM market summary report	IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document (ECAN), see 5.7.	
Trade on Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)	3.0	Auction specification	IEC/CIM Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document, see 5.3.	
	3.1	Frequency activated reserves bids	IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document), see 5.4.	
	3.2	LFC Operator to LFC Operator trade	Currently by telephone.	
	3.3	Frequency activated reserves contracts	IEC/CIM Reserve Allocation Result Document (ERRP), see 5.6.	
	3.4	Frequency activated reserves summary	IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document (ECAN), see 5.7.	
mFRR EAM (Energy Activation Market)	4.0	mFRR EAM bids	IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document), see 5.4	
	4.1	mFRR EAM bids (offer and need)	IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7	
		B	Reserve Bid Document), see 5.4	
	4.2	Bid availability document	IEC/CIM Bid availability document (ERRP), see 5.5	
Bilateral trade	5.0	Request bilateral	<i>Currently:</i> By telephone	
Detween LFC		trade	Later: ERRP Activation Document	
			(Status = A10 , Ordered), See [9]	

Process area	Arrow		Documentation	
	5.1	Confirm/Reject bilateral trade	ERRP Activation Document (Status = A07 , Activated or A09 , cancelled) See [9]	
	5.2	Bilateral trade report	IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document (ECAN), see 5.7	
Operation (activation)	6.0	mFRR EAM bid list	IEC/CIM Merit Order List Document, see 5.8	
	6.1	Activate or deactivate bids	IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Activation Document (Status = A10 , Ordered), documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	6.2	Activation response	IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Activation Document (Status = A07 , Activated or A09 , cancelled), documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	6.3	Activated or deactivated bids information	ERRP Activation Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	6.4	mFRR EAM price	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
Reporting	6.0	Price report	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.1	Price report	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.2	Activated or deactivated bids	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.3	Daily exchange report	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.4	Traded volume	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.5	mFRR EAM market price	NEG ECAN Publication Document, documented in BRS for Nordic operational system [9]	
	7.6	Currency Exchange Rate	IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0, see 5.1	
	7.7	Currency Exchange Rate	IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0, see 5.1	

Table 1: ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system

Figure 4 shows the main electronic documents exchanged between the *Balancing Service Providers* (market participants), *LFC Operators, Market information aggregator, Merit Order List Responsible* and the *Market operator*. Reporting to the Imbalance settlement responsible is shown in a separate BRS.

As seen from the diagram the basic information exchange is similar for the *Trade on aFRR market*, the *mFRR CM* and the *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)*. First an *Auction specification document* is sent from the *LFC Operator* to the *Balancing Service Providers* (market participants), then the *Balancing Service Providers* send in their bids to the *LFC Operator* and finally the resulting contracts are sent to the *Balancing Service Providers*. The *Auction specification document* contains information about the available auctions, products, areas and cut-off times.

Trade in the *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)*can in addition be executed between the *LFC Operators*. Summary of the trade on the *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)*is sent to the *Market information aggregator*.

For the *mFRR EAM*, the Auction specification is not sent explicitly, but follows the area definitions from the day-ahead market. In addition to the bids, the *Balancing Service Providers* must send *Production schedules* and *Ancillary services schedules*; including the result from the *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)*see [8]. The *mFRR EAM bids* are sent from the *LFC Operators* to the *Merit Order List Responsible* and made available for the *LFC Operators* as a sorted list of bids.

When needed the *LFC Operators* may, in addition to the trade on the *mFRR EAM*, trade bilaterally. Today this trade is executed using telephone.

After the bids have been received the bids may be activated. Each activated bid is reported back to the *Balancing Service Provider in question* and reported to the *Market information aggregator*. Daily, after the operational phase, the activated and deactivated bids, and mFRR EAM prices are distributed to the *Balancing Service Providers*.

Summaries of traded volumes for consumption and production per Bidding area may be sent from the *LFC Operator* to the *Balancing Service Provider*.

In addition to the information exchange shown in the diagram above, the *marginal prices* and *total quantity* bought are made available on a webserver for the different markets.

A *Balancing Service Provider* is contracted with a *Balance Responsible Party* being responsible for consumption, production or both.

In addition to the "operational markets" described above the Market operator run the *day-ahead* and *intraday markets*, which is described below.

2.4 Market implementations

2.4.1 <u>aFRR</u>

aFRR (Automatic Frequency Restoration Reserves) market bids are based on Bidding Zones, prices and sizes. aFRR regulation is always carried out where it is cheapest, provided there are no network restrictions.

2.4.2 mFRR CM (only used in Denmark and Norway)

mFRR capacity bids are based on area, product (production and reduced consumption), option price, and size (a minimum of 25 MW). Offers must state potential restrictions regarding duration of continuous activation and interval between activations. Such restrictions result in price reductions based on agreed terms.

One *marginal price* is set for each bidding area. This means that the production reserves and decreased consumption reserves always get the same price although the *Reserve Allocator* might choose to buy just production, just reduced consumption or both. Unavailability of contracted resources shall be reported immediately to the *Reserve Allocator*. The option price will then be reduced according to agreed terms.

2.4.3 Day-ahead market

The balance demand on the day-ahead market assures that the predictable part of the difference between the participant's energy supply and obligations are outbalanced in the day-ahead market.

2.4.4 Intraday market

Intraday is a continuous cross border intra-day market.

All trades done on intraday are implicit utilising cross border capacity. Available cross border capacity for intra-day trading is updated after each executed trade. The participants are, in some of the countries obligated to report the trades done on intraday to their local LFC Operator (SO).

2.4.5 Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)

The Frequency activated reserves (FCR) are split into Frequency Containment Reserves, Disturbance (FCR-D earlier FDR) and Frequency Containment Reserves, Normal (FCR-N earlier FNR).

Marginal price is set per bidding area and unavailability of contracted reserves will induce a penalty according to agreed terms.

Acquired reserves may be traded between the LFC Operators.

2.4.6 mFRR EAM (Energy Activation Market)

mFRR EAM bids are based on bidding area, price and size and must state restrictions regarding duration of continuous activation and interval between activations. Activation time, minimum duration, maximum duration and resting time is based on national rules. The participants are allowed to correct the bids until 45 minutes before the hour. It is not allowed to correct bids back in time.

mFRR activations are always carried out where it is cheapest, provided there are no network restrictions. All the regulations are implemented in the national markets. This means there can be different rules for the national markets, which obviated the need to harmonise all the market rules before the start of the *Nordic (international) mFRR EAM*. All imbalance prices are set per Bidding Zone.

2.4.7 <u>Bilateral trade between LFC Operators</u>

There are two types of trade, and related exchange, as a result of ramping deviations for HVDC cables. The two types of trade are *trade for system reasons* (counter purchases) and *trade for balance reasons*. Ramping deviation is the calculated deviation from the trading plan because of ramping of HVDC cable. This discrepancy is cleared by trade rules for the connection.

Trade for system reasons and trade for balance reasons are based on the terms of the *mFRR EAM*.

The agreements are between national and foreign bidding areas.

Trade for system reasons and trade for balance reasons have two different purposes. Trade for balance reasons is a part of the handling of the *mFRR EAM* in the Nordic area.

Trade for system reasons is trade to deal with bottlenecks and errors.

For system reasons, the price is agreed for each trade and calculated using the "pay as bid" principle. For trade for balance reasons there are separate agreements for the exchange and pricing (market conditions for *mFRR EAM*).

3 Harmonised roles used in Nordic trading system

In **Figure 5** and in definitions below the relevant parts of the ebIX[®], EFET and ENTSO-E Harmonised role model are outlined.



Figure 5: Outline of the Harmonised role model within the scope of the Nordic trading system

3.1 Definitions (from the ebIX[®], EFET and ENTSO-E Harmonised role model):

Role/domain	Definition					
	Roles					
	A Balance Responsible Party is responsible for its imbalances, meaning the difference between the energy volume physically injected to or withdrawn from the system and the final nominated energy volume, including any imbalance adjustment within a given imbalance settlement period.					
Balance Responsible	Note: Based on <u>Electricity Balancing - Art.2 Definitions.</u>					
Party	Additional information: Responsibility for imbalances (Balance responsibility) requires a contract proving financial security with the Imbalance Settlement Responsible of the Scheduling Area entitling the party to operate in the market.					
Balancing Service Provider	A party with reserve-providing units or reserve-providing groups able to provide balancing services to one or more LFC Operators. Additional information:					

	Based on Electricity Balancing - Art.2 Definitions.
Energy Trader	A party that is selling or buying energy.
Imbalance Settlement Responsible	A party that is responsible for settlement of the difference between the contracted quantities with physical delivery and the established quantities of energy products for the Balance Responsible Parties in a Scheduling Area. Note: The Imbalance Settlement Responsible may delegate the invoicing responsibility to a more generic role such as a Billing Agent.
	Responsible for the load frequency control for its LFC Area or LFC Block.
LFC Operator	Additional information: This role is typically performed by a TSO.
Market	A party that provides market related information that has been compiled from the figures supplied by different actors in the market. This information may also be published or distributed for general use.
Aggregator	Note: The Market Information Aggregator may receive information from any market participant that is relevant for publication or distribution.
	A market operator is a party that provides a service whereby the offers to sell electricity are matched with bids to buy electricity.
Market Operator	Additional Information: This usually is an energy/power exchange or platform.
	The definition is based on <u>Regulation on the internal market for electricity (EU)</u> 2019/943.
Merit Order List Responsible	Responsible for the management of the available tenders for all Acquiring LFC Operators to establish the order of the reserve capacity that can be activated.
Reserve Allocator	Informs the market of reserve requirements, receives bids against the requirements and in compliance with the prequalification criteria, determines which bids meet requirements and assigns bids.
Resource Provider	A role that manages a resource and provides production/consumption schedules for it, if required.
LEC Operator	A party responsible for operating, ensuring the maintenance of and, if necessary, developing the system in a given area and, where applicable, its interconnections with other systems, and for ensuring the long-term ability of the system to meet reasonable demands for the distribution or transmission of electricity.
	Additional information: The definition is based on <u>DIRECTIVE 2009/72/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT</u> <u>AND OF THE COUNCIL of 13 July 2009 concerning common rules for the internal</u> <u>market in electricity and repealing Directive 2003/54/EC, Article 2 (Definitions).</u>
Trade Responsible Party	A party who can be brought to rights, legally and financially, for any imbalance between energy nominated and consumed for all associated Accounting Points.

	Note:A power exchange without any privileged responsibilities acts as a Trade Responsible Party.Additional information: This is a type of Balance Responsible Party.			
	Domains			
Bidding Zone	The largest geographical area within which market participants are able to exchange energy without capacity allocation.			
U U	Source: Commission Regulation (EU) 543/2013.			
	Resources			
Reserve	A resource technically pre-qualified using a uniform set of standards to supply reserve capabilities to a LFC Operator and is associated with one or more tele-measuring devices.			
Resource	Additional information: This is a type of Resource.			
	A market representation of an asset or a group of assets related to the energy industry.			
Resource	Additional information: A Resource represents for example grid assets, consumption assets or production assets, such as generating units, consumption units, energy storage units or virtual power plants.			

Table 2: Definitions (from the ebIX[°], EFET and ENTSO-E Harmonised role model)

In the Nordic countries NOIS will perform the roles of Market operator, Market information aggregator and Merit Order List Responsible.

4 Process areas within Nordic trading system

4.1 Process area: Trade on Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)

The Trade on *Frequency activated reserves market (FCR)* is expected to be redone as a common Nordic market, with new rules. The process will be specified when available and agreed by the Nordic countries.

4.2 Process area: Trade on aFRR market

The Trade on *aFRR* (Automatic Frequency Restoration Reserves) market will be specified when available and agreed by the Nordic countries.

4.3 Process area: Trade on mFRR CM (Norway and Denmark)



Figure 6: UseCase: Trade on Trade on mFRR CM

The documents exchanged within the Trade on mFRR CM process are sent between Balancing Service Providers and the Reserve Allocator. Today the role Reserve Allocator is played by the TSOs, i.e., Energinet and Statnett.



Figure 7: Activity diagram: Trade on mFRR CM

As seen from the diagram above, the bids are collected, accumulated by the Reserve Allocator as a merit order list (sorted list of bids) for each area, with accumulated quantity and cost shown along with each bid. The Reserve Allocator selects the highest bid to use to fulfil the requirements for mFRR CM. Once satisfied the contracts are sent to the Balancing Service Provider and the price and total quantity are published on the web.



4.4 Process area: Trade on the mFRR EAM

Figure 8: UseCase diagram: The Nordic mFRR EAM process

Figure 8 shows the process *Trade on the Nordic mFRR EAM* and the participating actors. The *Business process* is further described below.



Figure 9: Activity diagram: The Nordic mFRR EAM process

The mFRR EAM is a tool for the *LFC Operators* and must be able to handle all unpredictable differences between planned and actual exchange in the delivery phase on short notice.

Active bidders on the mFRR EAM must be able to regulate their delivery and usage within a given time defined by the market rules. This means that only producers and large consumers bid actively without the buyers responding to the price. All other participants remain passive. Their purchases/sales are settled deriving from the imbalance between weighed values for delivery, usage and contracted fixed energy supplies/obligations.

As seen from **Figure 9**, the bids are collected, accumulated and then presented for the *LFC Operator*, by the Merit Order List Responsible, as a sorted list of bids.

The Nordic mFRR EAM document transmission cycle is composed of the following phases:

- 1. In the national mFRR EAM, *Balancing Service Providers* sends bids to the *LFC Operators* on a dayahead basis. Bids may be for both up and down regulation and be corrected during the operational phase (e.g., within 45 minutes before operation). The *LFC Operator* activates up or down regulation according to the lowest bids.
- 2. The national LFC Operator forwards all the bids to the Merit Order List Responsible.

Related documents are defined, according to the UMM Business Data View [5], in chapter 5.

Nordic Market Expert Group

In the Nordic market NOIS act as *Market operator* and *Merit Order List responsible*.

Manual Frequency Restoration Reserve (mFFR) is a rescheduling action to cater for a high rate of change of demand or generation, demand forecast errors or short-term plant losses.

Two types of mFFR activation are possible:

- Schedule Activated mFRR Reserve (SATCR): is activated with relation to the predefined timeframe of exchange schedules, e.g., 15 minutes. A special exchange scheduling procedure is used. It may include exchange rescheduling between TSOs, a special kind of exchange schedule is used.
- Directly Activated mFFR Reserve (DATCR): can be activated at any time, independent from a timeframe of exchange schedules. It is activated by manual action at any time and may also include call-up reserve contracts between TSOs. In this case, the activation procedure results in a dynamically changing exchange pattern.

4.5 Process area: Bilateral trade between LFC Operators



Figure 10: UseCase diagram: Bilateral trade between LFC Operators

Figure 10 shows the process *Bilateral trade between LFC Operators* and the participating actors (*LFC Operators*). The *Business process* is further described below.



Figure 11: Activity diagram: Bilateral trade between LFC Operators

The request for *Bilateral trade between LFC Operators* is currently mostly done by telephone. Specification of the actual documents to be exchanged is postponed to a later stage.

A *Bilateral trade between LFC Operators* may result in an update of break point plans and/or operational schedules see Nordic Ediel Group, BRS for the Nordic TSO Scheduling and Ancillary Services Process, see http://www.ediel.org/ [8].

The *Trade rejected* state occurs if there is a negative answer on a request for a bilateral trade.

5 Business Data View; Nordic trading system

5.1 IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0

The IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document described below is a Nordic document, which not is expected to be specified by ENTSO-E.

The document is used in the following exchanges:

•

- Figure 4 Sequence diagram: Overview of information exchange for operational markets
 - o 7.6, Currency Exchange Rate
 - o 7.7, Currency Exchange Rate

The NEG Currency Exchange Rate Document is sent daily from the *Market Operator* to the *LFC Operators* and to other actors on request. The Document must cover a full market day and contain exchange rates for all Nordic currencies and Euro.

The general rule for calculating the Currency Exchange Rate is:

Reference Currency * Currency Exchange Rate = Target Currency

5.1.1 Class diagram (contextual model): IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0



Figure 12: Class diagram (contextual model): IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0

5.1.2 Class diagram (assembly model): IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0



Figure 13: Class diagram (assembly model): IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
Ediel Curr	ency Exch	ange Rate Document v2.0
mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the document being exchanged.
		Note: The maximum length of the mRID is 35 characters.
type	[1]	Z07 Currency exchange rate document
process.processType	[1]	
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.
sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A11 Market operator A05 Imbalance Responsible Party
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules.
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	 A05 Imbalance Responsible Party A08 Balance responsible party A46 Balancing Service Provider A47 Energy Trader (Used for non-balance responsible traders) A48 LFC Operator (replaces A04 System Operator)
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.
currencyExchangeRate_Period.timeInterval	[01]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document. Shall be used if the Series_Period level is used. Else, not used.
currencyExchangeRate_DateAndOrTime.date	[01]	The day for which the Currency Exchange Rate is valid. Shall be used if the currencyExchangeRate_ Quantity.quantity attribute is used. Else, not used.
CurrencyExchangeRate_TimeSeries	[1*]	
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the Time Series.
reference_Currency_Unit.name	[1]	The reference currency may be any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor
target_Currency_Unit.name	[1]	The target currency may be any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor
currencyExchangeRate_Quantity.quantity	[01]	Currency Exchange Rate.
		Either this attribute or the Series_Period shall be used (XOR).

5.1.3 Attribute usage: IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
Reason	[01]	
reason.Code	[1]	 B17 Price based on preliminary exchange rate (The exchange rate is preliminary and will be updated when an official currency exchange rate is available) B21 Official exchange rate approved (The official exchange rate has been approved)
Series_Period	[0*]	Either the Series_Period or the attribute currencyExchangeRate_Quantity.quantity shall be used (XOR).
timeInterval	[1]	The start and end date and time of the time interval of the period in question.
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that the time interval is divided. The resolution is expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 in the following format:
		PnYnMnDTnHnMnS.
		Where nY expresses a number of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter "T" separates the date expression from the time expression and after it nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number of seconds.
		E.g., PT1H or PT60M
Point	[1*]	
position	[1]	The relative position of a period within an interval.
quantity	[1]	Currency Exchange Rate.

 Table 3: Attribute usage: IEC/CIM Ediel Currency Exchange Rate Document v2.0

5.2 IEC/CIM Area Configuration Document

The IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document described below is specified by CIM EG (ENTSO-E) [1].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- Table 1: ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - 1.0, Area Specification
 - \circ 2.0, Area specification

5.2.1 Class diagram (contextual model): Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1



Figure 14: Class diagram (contextual model): IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1

5.2.2 Class diagram (assembly model): IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1



Figure 15: Class diagram (assembly model): IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description						
Area Configuration Market Document								
mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the document being exchanged.						
		Note: The maximum length of the mRID is 35 characters.						
type	[1]	B35 Area Configuration DocumentZ06 Market connection points document						
process.processType	[1]	Currently used: A01 Day-ahead A58 Reserve option market (mFRR CM)						
		 Possible future use: A02 Intraday (The area specification defined for the day-ahead market (A01, Day-ahead) is used today) A47 Manual frequency restoration reserve (replacing A30 Tertiary reserve process) A51 Automatic frequency restoration reserve (replacing A29 Secondary reserve process) A52 Frequency containment reserve (replacing A28 Primary reserve process) 						
sender_Market Participant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.						
sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	 A11 Market operator A34 Reserve Allocator A48 LFC Operator (replaces A04 System Operator) 						
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules.						
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	 A08 Balance responsible party A11 Market operator A46 Balancing Service Provider A47 Energy Trader 						
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.						
AreaSpecification_Series	[0*]							
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the Area Specification Series.						
area_Domain.mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the area.						
areaCharacteristics_Domain.name	[01]							
BorderConnection_Series	[0*]	Dependency: Only used for "B35 Area Configuration Document".						
mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the component.						

5.2.3 Attribute usage: IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description		
borderComponentType_MktPSRType.PSRType	[1]	A01 Tieline A02 Line A08 Busbar B23 Substation B24 Transformer		
ConnectionDetail_RegisteredResource	[1*]	Dependency: Always two repetitions for type = B35 (Area Configuration Document).		
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the Registered Resource (Border Component).		
arealdentification_Domain.mRID	[01]	Identification of the Area.		
componentType_PSRType.PSRType	[01]	Component type: A02 Line A08 Busbar B23 Substation B24 Transformer		

Table 4: Attribute usage: IEC/CIM Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1

5.2.4 Dependency matrix for Area Configuration Document, v1.1

Aı Mar	rea Configuration ket Document type	Process Type	Sender role	Receiver role	borderComponentType (Asset Type List)	componentType (Asset Type List)
B35	Area configuration document	A01	A11 A48	A08 A11 A46 A47	A01 A02 A08 B23 B24	A02 A08 B23 B24
		A58	A34	A08 A11 A46 A47	A01 A02 A08 B23 B24	A02 A08 B23 B24
Z06	Market connection points document	A01	A11 A48	A08 A11 A46 A47	A01 A02 A08 B23 B24	A02 A08 B23 B24

Table 5: Dependency matrix for NEG Area Configuration Market Document, v1.1

5.3 IEC/CIM Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document

5.3.1 Class diagram (contextual model): Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document

The Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document is based on the IEC 62325-451-3 Ed.1 Amendment 1 Capacity auction specification document, see [2].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- **Table 1:** ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - o 1.1, Auction Specification
 - o 2.1, Auction specification
 - 3.0, Auction specification



Figure 16: Class diagram (contextual model): Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document

5.3.2 Class diagram (assembly model): Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document



Figure 17: Class diagram (assembly model): Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document
Attribute	CI.	Code and description		
Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document				
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the document.		
revisionNumber	[1]	Fixed 1		
type	[1]	A51 Capacity Auction Specification Document		
process.processType	[1]	 A47 Manual frequency restoration reserve (replacing A30 Tertiary reserve process) A51 Automatic frequency restoration reserve (replacing A29 Secondary reserve process) A52 Frequency containment reserve (replacing A28 Primary reserve process) A58 Reserve option market (mFRR CM) 		
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.		
sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A11 Market operator A34 Reserve Allocator		
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[01]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules.		
		publication".		
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[01]	A08 Balance responsible party A46 Balancing Service Provider Required except when used for "general		
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.		
reriod.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document.		
Domain.mRID	[1]	The domain that covers the time series in the document.		
Auction Time Series	[1*]			
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the auction.		
businessType	[1]	 A01 Production A04 Consumption A12 Secondary control (used for Frequency Restoration Reserve, aFRR) A95 Frequency containment reserve A97 Manual frequency restoration reserve C25 Frequency bias C26 Frequency Containment Reserve-Normal (FCR-N) C27 Frequency Containment Reserve-Disturbance (FCR-D) 		
auction.category	[1]	The product category of an auction. A04 Hourly		

5.3.3 Attribute usage: Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
auction.type	[1]	A01 Implicit
auction.allocationMode	[1]	A01 Order by price with pro rata A03 First come – First served
auction.paymentTerms	[01]	A01 Pay as bid A02 Pay as cleared
		Usage: see dependency matrix below.
auction.cancelled	[01]	A01 True A02 False
		Only required if a cancellation, i.e., if cancelled, the content shall be " A01 = true".
bidding_Period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the bidding period within which Capacity Traders can submit a bid to the Transmission Capacity Allocator.
in_Domain,mRID	[1]	Bidding Zone as defined for the relevant market. The Bidding Zone must be within the Domain (see header).
Out_Domain.mRID	[1]	Same as In Area
marketAgreement.type	[1]	A01 Daily A02 Weekly A03 Monthly A07 Intraday contract
delivery_Period.timeInterval	[1]	This information provides the start and end date and time when the energy is consumed or produced.
quantity_Measure_Unit.name	[1]	MAW MW
price_Measure_Unit.name	[1]	See ENTSO-E code list
currency_Unit.name	[1]	Any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor
Notification_MarketAgreement.createdDateTime	[1]	The date and time related to conditions of the agreement.
		The date and time of the creation of the agreement The date and time that the participants will be notified of the results prior to the contestation period.
Contestation_MarketAgreement.createdDateTime	[1]	The date and time related to conditions of the agreement.
		The date and time of the creation of the agreement The period in which contestations may be provided starts with the notification date time and ends with the contestation date and time. If there is no possibility of contestation both dates and times must be the same.

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
curveType	[1]	A01 Sequential fixed size block
		A03 Variable sized Block
		A04 Overlapping breakpoint
		A05 Non-overlapping breakpoint
flowDirection.direction	[01]	A01 Up
		A02 Down
		A03 Up and down
		Dependent on market.
		Note: Added for the Nordic countries.
Max_Price.amount	[01]	Dependent on market.
		Usage: see dependency matrix below.
		Note: Added for the Nordic countries.
Min_Price.amount	[01]	Dependent on market.
		Usage: see dependency matrix below.
		Note: Added for the Nordic countries.
classificationStart_Time.time	[01]	Start and End time within a day for the time frame
		relevant for the Auction Identification in question.
		Note: Added for the Nordic countries.
classificationEnd_Time	[01]	End time within a day for the time frame relevant
		for the Auction Identification in question.
		Note: Added for the Nordic countries.
Period	[0*]	
timeInterval	[1]	The start and end date and time of the time
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that
		the time interval is divided. The resolution is
		following format:
		PnYnMnDTnHnMnS.
		Where nY expresses a number of years nM a
		number of months. nD a number of days. The letter
		"T" separates the date expression from the time
		expression and after it nH identifies a number of
		hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number
		of seconds.
		E.g., PT1H or PT60M
Point	[1*]	
position	[1]	The position of the observation in a time series.
quantity	[1]	The quantity for the interval in question.

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
Reason (Time Series level)	[01]	The Reason class provides coded and optionally textual information, such as:
		• description of the auction and its market rules, to clarify information that is not formally defined (e.g., the time constraints for a peak product).
		 description that is necessary to completely describe a change to the auction specification or its eventual cancellation.
Reason.code	[1]	A code providing the information in respect to a change or cancellation of an auction.
		999 Errors not specifically identified (used for changes and/or cancellation).
		A95 Complementary information (textual description of the auction).
Reason.text	[01]	Textual explanation of the reason code.
		Shall be used for error code 999.

Table 6: Usage of NEG Auction Specification Document, version 1.1

	Process type	businessType	mar	ketAgreement. Type	auction. Pay- ment- Terms	max_ Price. Amount	min_ Price. Amount
A52	Frequency containment	C25 Frequency bias	A01 [Daily	A02		
	reserve	 A95 Frequency containment reserve C26 Frequency Containment Reserve-Normal (FCR-N) C27 Frequency Containment Reserve- Disturbance 	A01 [A02 \ A03 M A07	Daily Weekly Monthly Intraday contract	A01 A02		
A51	Automatic frequency restoration reserve	A12 Secondary control	A02 \	Weekly	A01 A02		
A47	Manual frequency restoration reserve	 A01, Production A02 Internal trade A04, Consumption A97, Manual frequency restoration reserve 	A07	ntraday contract	N/A		
A58	Reserve option market (mFRR CM)	A01, Production A02 Internal trade A04, Consumption	A01 [A02 \	Daily Weekly	A02		

5.3.4 Dependency matrix for Ediel Capacity Auction Specification Document

Table 7: Dependency matrix for NEG Auction Specification Document, version 1.1

5.4 IEC/CIM Reserve Bid Document (IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document)

The IEC/CIM 62325-451-7 Reserve Bid Document Reserve bid document is taken from the draft ENTSO-E 62325-451-7 package, see [1].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- **Table 1:** ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - 1.2, aFRR bids
 - o 2.2, mFRR CM bids
 - 3.1, Frequency activated reserves bids
 - \circ 4.0, mFRR EAM bids
 - 4.1, mFRR EAM bids



5.4.1 Class diagram: Reserve Bid Document contextual model

Figure 18: Class diagram: Reserve Bid Document contextual model

5.4.2 Class diagram: Reserve Bid Document assembly model



Figure 19: Class diagram: Reserve Bid Document assembly model

5.4.3 Attribute usage: Reserve Bid Document

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description		
Reserve Bid Document				
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the document.		
revisionNumber	[1]	Fixed 1.		
type	[1]	A24 Bid document A37 Reserve Bid document		
process.processType	[1]	 A47 Manual frequency restoration reserve (replacing A30 Tertiary reserve process) A51 Automatic frequency restoration reserve (replacing A29 Secondary reserve process) A52 Frequency containment reserve (replacing A28 Primary reserve process) A58 Reserve option market (mFRR CM) 		
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.		
sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	 A04 System Operator A08 Balance responsible party A39 Data Provider A46 Balancing Service Provider 		
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules.		
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	 A11 Market operator (TSOs) A34 Reserve Allocator A35 Merit Order List (MOL) Responsible (NOIS) 		
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.		
reserveBid_Period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document.		
domain.mRID	[1]	National or Nordic area (in the future).		
subject_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	The party responsible for the bid.		
subject_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A08 Balance responsible partyA46 Balancing Service Provider		
Bid Time Series	[1*]			
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the bid.		
auction.mRID	[1]	Auction identification from the connected Auction specification document if available, else a code identifying the auction or market (to be defined when implemented).		

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Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
businessType	[1]	 A01 Production A04 Consumption A12 Secondary control (aFRR, Frequency Restoration Reserve (earlier LFC)) A95 Frequency containment reserve A97 Manual frequency restoration reserve B74 Offer B75 Need B91 Flexible need C25 Frequency Containment Reserve-Normal (FCR-N) C27 Frequency Containment Reserve-Disturbance (FCR-D) C35 Commercial C36 Reserve C49 Commercial production C50 Commercial wind production C51 Commercial consumption
acquiring_Domain.mRID	[1]	The area where the resource is contracted for use.
connecting_Domain.mRID	[1]	The area where the resource is located.
quantity_Measure_Unit.name	[1]	MAW megawatt (MW)
		The unit of measurement used for the quantities expressed within the time series. It is recommended that this be always expressed in megawatts (code MAW).
currency_Unit.name	[01]	Any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor The currency used for the monetary amount expressed within the time series. Required if a price is stated.
price_Measure_Unit.name	[01]	MWHMWh KWH kWh MAWMW KWT kW The unit of measurement used for the price expressed within the time series (e.g., MWh or kW per unit). Required if a price is stated.
divisible	[1]	A01 Yes A02 No
linkedBidsIdentification	[01]	Unique identification used to associate technically linked bids. Not used if bid is not technically linked.

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
multipartBidsIdentification	[01]	Unique identification used to associate multipart bids.
		If bid with flowDirection.direction=A01 (Up) is accepted, then all associated bids with inferior price must also be accepted. If bid with flowDirection.direction=A02 (Down) is accepted, then all associated bids with superior price must also be accepted.
		Not used if bid is not multipart.
exclusiveBidsIdentification	[01]	Unique identification used to associate exclusive group bids.
		If one bid is selected, then none of the other with the same "bid family" identification can be selected.
		Not used if bid is not part of exclusive group bid.
inclusiveBidsIdentification ¹	[01]	Unique identification used to associate inclusive group bids.
		All or none of the bids with the same "bid family" identification must be selected.
blockBid	[01]	A01 Yes A02 No
status	[01]	A06 Available
		For conditionally linked bids, having one or several instances of Linked BidTimeseries:
		A65 Conditionally available A66 Conditionally unavailable
registeredResource.mRID	[01]	EIC or national code for the resource (regulation object), e.g., Station Group or Regulation object.
		Usage: see dependency matrix below.
flowDirection.direction	[1]	A01 Up A02 Down A03 Up and down
energyPrice_Measure_Unit.name	[01]	MWH Megawatt hours The unit of measurement used for the price of energy expressed within the time series. (MW per unit (code MAW), MWh per unit (code MWH), etc.).
		A Measure Unit Energy Price is required only if there is an Energy Price specified.

¹ This is currently a Nordic extension, however a MR has been sent to CIM EG and is expected approved in the near future.

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
marketAgreement.type	[01]	 A01 Daily A02 Weekly A03 Monthly A07 Intraday contract
		Usage must be specified when implemented.
marketAgreement.mRID	[01]	Optional element.
		Usage must be specified when implemented.
activation_ConstraintDuration.duration	[01]	The time needed before a regulation is effective. Number of minutes for up or down regulation.
		Only used in the mFRR EAM. Required used if the unit has this constraint.
		Activation time - The minimum time for full activation of the physical resource including preparation time and ramping time.
		For bids that have a standard FAT (Full Activation Time) of 12,5 min (or 15 min in Automated operation) activation time shall be left blank or omitted.
		Applicable only to bids in Norway: For bids that can be activated faster than 12,5 minutes the activation time should be specified and should assume a preparation time of 1 minute. E.g. PT3M (if ramping time is 2 min) PT5M (if ramping time is 4 min) PT10M (if ramping time is 9 min).
		Applicable only to slower activation bids (in Denmark and Sweden): For bids with slower full activation time than 12,5 minutes (15 minutes in Automated operation) the activation time must be specified.
resting_ConstraintDuration.duration	[01]	The time between the end of activation and the start of the next activation. Number of minutes for the resting time.
		Only used in the mFRR EAM. Required used if the unit has this constraint.
		Applicable only to bids in Norway, Sweden, (not yet decided for Denmark): Resting time for the resource object after an activation, in number of minutes, divisible by 15. E.g.: PT45M, PT60M, PT90M
minimum_ConstraintDuration.duration	[01]	The minimum time a regulation can be effective. Number of minutes an up or down regulation at least must be effective.
		Only used in the mFRR EAM. Required used if the unit has this constraint.

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
maximum_ConstraintDuration.duration	[01]	The maximum time a regulation can be effective. Number of minutes an up or down regulation maximum can be effective.
		Only used in the mFRR EAM. Required used if the unit has this constraint.
		Applicable only to bids in Norway, Sweden, (not yet decided for Denmark): Maximum duration of activation for the resource object, in number of minutes, divisible by 15. E.g.: PT45M, PT60M, PT90M.
		If maximum duration is specified and resting time is not specified, a resting time of 15 minutes will be assumed.
Series_Period	[1*]	
timeInterval	[1]	The start and end date and time of the time interval of the period in question.
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that the time interval is divided. The resolution is expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 in the following format:
		PnYnMnDTnHnMnS.
		Where nY expresses a number of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter "T" separates the date expression from the time expression and after it nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number of seconds.
		E.g., PT1H, PT60M or PT15M
Linked_BidTimeSeries (associated with BidTimeSeries)	[0*]	No more than three instances referring to each of MTU-1 and MTU-2, respectively
mRID	[1]	mRID of a simple bid in MTU-1 or MTU-2.

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
status	[01]	One of the following values shall be used when bid in MTU-0 is conditionally available, i.e. BidTimeSeries.status = A65:
		 A55 Not available if linked bid activated A56 Not available if linked bid rejected A59 Not available if linked bid subject to SA A60 Not available if linked bid subject to DA A57 Not available for DA if linked bid subject to SA A58 Not available for DA if linked bid subject to SA
		One of the following values shall be used when bid in MTU0 is conditionally unavailable, i.e. BidTimeSeries.status = A66: ¨
		 A67 Available if linked bid activated A68 Available if linked bid rejected A69 Available if linked bid subject to SA A70 Available if linked bid subject to DA A71 Available for DA if linked bid subject to DA A72 Available for DA if linked bid subject to SA (
		SA = scheduled activation, DA = direct activation, MTU = market time unit) ² .
Reason	[0*]	
code	[1]	Optional for mFRR standard product bids in Norway and Sweden.
		Period shift activation may be ordered.
		264 Period shift, beginning of period265 Period shift, end of period
Point	[1*]	
position	[1]	The position of the observation in a time series.

² Rules for evaluation of availability of conditional linked bids:

- A conditionally available bid in MTUO (i.e. bid with status A65) becomes completely unavailable when at least one of the conditional links indicate unavailability due to the outcome of the linked bid in MTU-1 or MTU-2
- A conditionally available bid in MTU0 becomes unavailable for direct activation when at least one of the conditional links indicate unavailability for direct activation due to the outcome of the linked bid in MTU-1 or MTU-2
- A conditionally unavailable bid in MTUO (i.e. bid with status A66) becomes available when at least one of the conditional links indicate availability due to the outcome of the linked bid in MTU-1 or MTU-2
- A conditionally unavailable bid in MTU0 becomes available for direct activation when at least one of the conditional links indicate availability for direct activation due to the outcome of the linked bid in MTU-1 or MTU-2

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Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
quantity	[1]	The quantity for the interval in question.
minimum_Quantity.quantity	[01]	Dependent on national rules.
		The minimum quantity of energy that can be activated at a given time position.
		It must be used for divisible bids and can be 0 (fully divisible) but must not be used for indivisible bids.
price.amount	[01]	The price expressed for each unit of quantity.
		Usage must be specified when implemented.
energy_Price.amount	[01]	The price of the energy if used.
		Usage must be specified when implemented.

Table 8: Attribute usage of Reserve Bid Document

	type		process.processType		businessType	Registered Resource. mRID
A24	Bid document	A47	mFRR (replacing A30	A95	Frequency containment reserve	~
			reitiary reserve process)	735	Commercial	
				736	Reserve	
				Z49	Commercial production	
				Z50	Commercial wind production	
				Z51	Commercial consumption	
		A51	aFRR (replacing A29	A12	Secondary control (A time series	Optional
			Secondary reserve process)		concerning secondary reserve) (aFRR)	
		A52	FCR (replacing A28	C25	Frequency bias	Optional
			Primary reserve process)	C26	FCR-N	
				C27	FCR-D	Optional
		A58	Reserve option market	A01	Production	Not used
			(mFRR CM)	A04	Consumption	
A37	Reserve Bid	A47	mFRR	B74	Offer	Mandatory for
	document					bids in Finland,
						Norway and
						Sweden. Optional
				L		in Denmark
				B75	Need	
1				B91	Flexible need	

5.4.4 Dependency matrix for Reserve Bid Document

Table 9: Dependency matrix for NEG ERRP Reserve Bid Document, version 1.0

5.5 IEC/CIM Bid availability document (ERRP)

The IEC/CIM Bid availability document is taken from the "Common Platform for manually activated restoration reserves (MARI) Implementation Guide", see [1].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- **Table 1:** ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - o 4.2, Bid availability document



5.5.1 Class diagram: Bid availability document contextual model



5.5.2 Class diagram: Bid availability document assembly model



Figure 21: Class diagram: Bid availability document assembly model

5.5.3 Attribute usage: Bid availability document

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
Bid availabili	ty docume	nt
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the document. Proper UUID is required.
revisionNumber	[1]	Constant value of 1 .
Туре	[1]	B45 Bid availability document
process.processType	[1]	A47 Manual frequency restoration reserve
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party sending the document. One of: • Energinet • Fingrid • Statnett • Svenska kraftnät
	[1]	A01 EIC coding scheme
sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A04 System Operator
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party receiving the document.
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A46 Balancing Service Provider (BSP)
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time of document creation (in ISO 8601 UTC format) YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SSZ
Bid Time Series	[1*]	
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the bid.
bidDocument_MarketDocument.mRID	[1]	Constant value of NA
bidDocument_MarketDocument.revisionNumber	[1]	Constant value of 1
requestingParty_MarketParticipant.mRID		EIC code of Party that requested the update of bid availability.
requestingParty_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type		A46 Balancing Service ProviderA49 Transmission System OperatorA50 Distribution System Operator
businessType acquiring_Domain.mRID		C40Conditional bidC41Thermal limitC42Frequency limitC43Voltage limitC44Current limitC45Short-circuit current limitsC46Dynamic stability limitThe EIC identification of the Nordic Market
		Area: 10Y1001A1001A91G

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Attribute	CI.	Code and description
domain.mRID	[1]	The EIC identification of the bidding zone where the resource is located
Reason ³	[1]	
code		 When business type = C40 the following reasons apply: B16 Tender unavailable in MOL list When business type = C42 one of the following reasons apply: B58 Insufficiency of reserves B59 Unavailability of reserve providing units When business type = C41, C43, C44, C45 or C46 one of the following reasons apply: B18 Failure B46 Internal congestion B47 Operational security constraints B60 Unavailability of automatic protection systems
text	[01]	May be populated to provide additional explanation in free text format
RegisteredResource (BidTimeSeries level)	[01]	only when BusinessType is Thermal Limit = C41
mRID	[1]	EIC code of concerned network element

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³ The business types and reasons can be subject to changes to do the development of the MARI project. Nordic Market Expert Group

5.6 IEC/CIM Reserve Allocation Result Document (ERRP)

The basis for the IEC/CIM Reserve Allocation Result Document is the draft ENTSO-E ESMP package, which is expected to be published as part of the 62325-451-7 standard, see [1].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- **Table 1:** ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - 1.3, aFRR contracts
 - \circ 2.3, mFRR CM contracts
 - \circ $\,$ 3.3, Frequency activated reserves contracts



5.6.1 Class diagram: Reserve Allocation Result Document contextual model

Figure 22: Class diagram: Reserve Allocation Result Document contextual model

5.6.2 Class diagram: Reserve Allocation Result Document assembly model



Figure 23: Class diagram: Reserve Allocation Result Document assembly model

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description				
	Reserve Allocation Result Document					
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the document.				
revisionNumber	[1]	Fixed 1				
type	[1]	A38 Reserve Allocation Result (Operational bids)				
process.processType	[1]	 A47 Manual frequency restoration reserve A51 Automatic frequency restoration reserve A52 Frequency containment reserve A58 Reserve option market (mFRR CM) A59 Internal trade reporting 				
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.				
Sender_MarketParticipant. marketRole.type	[1]	A04 System OperatorA11 Market operator (TSO)A34 Reserve Allocator				
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules.				
receiver_MarketParticipant. marketRole.type	[1]	 A08 Balance responsible party A11 Market operator (NOIS) A46 Balancing Service Provider A48 LFC Operator (replaces A04 System Operator) 				
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.				
reserveBid_Period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document.				
Domain.mRID	[1]	Nordic area, National Area, Bidding Zone.				
TimeSeries	[0*]					
mRID	[1]	The identification of the time series instance.				
bid_Original_MarketDocument. mRID	[01]	mRID from the original MarketDocument				
bid_Original_MarketDocument .revisionNumber	[01]	revisionNumber from the original MarketDocument				
bid_Original_MarketDocument. bid_TimeSeries.mRID	[01]	bid_TimeSeries mRID from the original MarketDocument				
bid_Original_MarketDocument. tendering _MarketParticipant. mRID	[1]	The ID of the tendering party, i.e., LFC Operator or Balancing Service Provider. Usage must be specified when implemented.				
auction.mRID	[1]	If there is no Auction Specification Document, the usage of the Auction ID must be specified by the implementation project.				
businessType	[1]	 A01 Production A04 Consumption A12 Secondary control (aFRR, Frequency Restoration Reserve (earlier LFC)) A95 Frequency containment reserve A97 Manual frequency restoration reserve C25 Frequency bias C26 Frequency Containment Reserve-Normal (FCR-N) C27 Frequency Containment Reserve-Disturbance (FCR-D) 				
acquiring_Domain.mRID	[1]	The area where the resource is contracted for use.				

5.6.3 Attribute usage: Reserve Allocation Result Document (CIM version)

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Attribute	CI.	Code and description		
connecting_Domain.mRID	[1]	The area where the resource is located.		
marketAgreement.type	[1]	 A01 Daily A02 Weekly A03 Monthly A06 Long term contract Usage must be specified when implemented. If not obtainable, use constant value of "NA". 		
marketAgreement.mRID	[1]	If not obtainable, use constant value of "NA".		
quantity_Measure_Unit. name	[1]	MWH MWh MAW MW		
currency_Unit.name	[1]	Any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor		
price_Measure_Unit.name	[01]	MWHMWh MAWMW Shall be used if a price is stated.		
registeredResource.mRID	[01]	Relevant object within the market, e.g., Station group or Resource, see Table 11 below.		
flowDirection.direction	[1]	A01 Up A02 Down A03 Up and down Usage: See Table 11 below.		
curveType	[01]	A01 Sequential fixed size block		
Period	[1*]			
timeInterval	[1]	The start and end date and time of the time interval of the period in question.		
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that the time interval is divided. The resolution is expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 in the following format: PnYnMnDTnHnMnS. Where nY expresses a number of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter "T" separates the date expression from the time expression and after it nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number of seconds. E.g., PT1H or PT60M		
Point	[1*]			
position	[1]	The position of the observation in a time series.		
quantity	[1]	Quantity		
price.amount	[01]	Price Usage must be specified when implemented.		
Reason (Point level)	[0*]			

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description
code	[1]	A73 Bid accepted
		B09 Bid not accepted
		B22 System regulation
		B49 Balancing
		Z58 Scheduled activation
		Z59 Direct activation
		Z60 Faster than standard FAT
		Z61 Faster than standard deactivation
		Z62 Slower than standard FAT
		Z63 Period shift activation

 Table 10: Attribute usage of Ediel Reserve Allocation Result Document

	process. processType		businessType	market Agreement. type	registered Resource.mRID	flow Direction. direction
A52	Frequency containment reserve (replacing A28 Primary reserve process)	C25 A95	Frequency bias Frequency containment reserve	A01	Not used	Not used
		C26	FCR-N	A01 or A02	Dependent on national rules	Required
		C27	FCR-D	A01 or A02	Dependent on national rules	Required
A51	Automatic frequency restoration reserve (replacing A29 Secondary reserve process)	A12	aFRR	A02 or A03	Not used	Required
A47	Manual frequency restoration reserve (replacing A30 Tertiary reserve process)	A01 A97	Production Manual frequency restoration reserve	A01	Not used	Required
		A04	Consumption	A01 or A06	Not used	Required
A58	Reserve option market (mFRR CM)	A01 A04	Production Consumption	A01, A02 or A06	Not used Not used	Required
A59	Internal trade reporting	A01	Production	A01	Not used	Not used
		A04	Consumption	A01	Not used	Not used

5.6.4 Dependency matrix for Ediel Reserve Allocation Result Document

 Table 11: Dependency matrix for Ediel Reserve Allocation Result Document

5.7 IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document (ECAN)

The basis for the IEC/CIM Ediel Publication Document is the IEC62325-451-3 Ed.1 standard, see [2].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- Table 1: ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - o 1.4, aFRR summary report
 - o 2.4, mFRR CM market summary report
 - o 3.4, Frequency activated reserves summary
 - o 5.2, Bilateral trade report

5.7.1 Class diagram: Ediel Publication Document contextual model



Figure 24: Class diagram: Ediel Publication Document contextual model

5.7.2 Class diagram: Ediel Publication Document assembly model

class Ediel Publication assembly model



Figure 25: Class diagram: Ediel Publication Document assembly model

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
Ediel P	ublication	Document
mRID	[1]	Unique identification of the document.
revisionNumber	[1]	Fixed 1
type	[1]	A25 Allocation resultA38 Reserve Allocation ResultA44 Price document
process.processType	[1]	 A01 Day-ahead A17 Schedule day - The process concerns the day ahead, intraday and eventually ex-post scheduling in a single document. The schedule will be transferred within the total position including historic information (The trade balance of a party at a given time) A19 Intraday accumulated A51 Automatic frequency restoration reserve (replacing A29 Secondary reserve process) A52 Frequency containment reserve (replacing A28 Primary reserve process) A58 Reserve option market (mFRR CM) A59 Internal trade reporting Note: This is a Nordic Ediel extension.
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.
Sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	A11 Market operator (or TSO)
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[01]	Identification of the party who is receiving the schedules. Not used when the document is published at a web site.
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[01]	 A08 Balance responsible party A11 Market operator (NOIS) A38 Reconciliation Responsible A46 Balancing Service Provider A47 Energy Trader (non-balance responsible party) A48 LFC Operator (replaces A04 System Operator) Not used when the document is published at a web site.
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time for creation of the document.
period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document.

5.7.3 Attribute usage: Ediel Publication Document (CIM version)

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
domain.mRID	[01]	Nordic area, National Area, Bidding Zone.
TimeSeries	[1*]	
mRID	[1]	Unique ID of the time series.
businessType	[1]	 A01 Production A04 Consumption A06 External trade without explicit capacity A08 Net internal trade (ENTSO-E definition: "Net internal trade - where the direction from out party (seller) to in party (buyer) is positive and the opposite direction is negative (with minus signs)") A12 Secondary control (A time series concerning secondary reserve) (aFRR, earlier LFC) A24 Total trade (ENTSO-E definition: "A time series concerning the total of both the internal and external trades) (Usage in Sweden: The trade balance of a party at a given time) A62 Spot Price C25 Frequency bias C26 Frequency Containment Reserve- Normal (FCR-N) C27 Frequency Containment Reserve- Disturbance (FCR-D)
in_Domain.mRID	[1]	Relevant area for the market.
out_Domain.mRID	[1]	The same area as "In-area" (Required in ECAN Publication Document).
contract_MarketAgreement.type	[01]	 A01 Daily A02 Weekly A07 Intraday contract Usage must be specified when implementing.
quantity_Measure_Unit.name	[01]	MWH MWh Shall be used when a quantity is stated.
currency_Unit.name	[01]	Any valid ISO 3 letter currency code, such as: DKK Danish Kroner EUR EURO NOK Norwegian Kroner SEK Swedish Kronor Shall be used when a price is stated.
price_Measure_Unit.name	[01]	MWH MWh
		Shall be used when a price is stated.
Series_Period	[0*]	
timeInterval	[1]	Time Interval.

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Attribute	CI.	Code and description	
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that the time interval is divided. The resolution is expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 in the following format:	
		PnYnMnDTnHnMnS.	
		Where nY expresses a number of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter "T" separates the date expression from the time expression and after it nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number of seconds.	
		E.g. , PT1H or PT60M	
Point	[1*]		
position	[1]	The relative position of a period within an interval	
		Usage must be specified when implementing.	
quantity	[01]	The quantity for the interval in question	
		Usage must be specified when implementing.	
Price.amount	[01]] The price expressed per currency per unit of price measure	
		Usage must be specified when implementing.	
Maximum_Price.amount	[01]	Maximum Price	
		Usage must be specified when implementing.	
		Note: This is a Nordic Ediel extension.	
Minimum_Price.amount	[01]	Minimum Price	
		Usage must be specified when implementing.	
		Note: This is a Nordic Ediel extension.	

Table 12: Attribute usage of Ediel Publication Document (CIM version)

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	u	IC.	

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Publication		Process.Type		businessType		market	
Document type						Agreement.	
							type
A25	Allocation	A01	Day-ahead	A06	External trade without explicit	N	lot used
	result				capacity		
				A08	Net internal trade	Not used	
		A19	Intraday accumulated	A06	External trade without explicit	Not used	
					capacity		
				A08	Net internal trade	Not used	
		A17	Schedule day	A08	Net internal trade	Not used	
A38	Reserve	A52	Frequency containment	C26	Frequency Containment	A01	Daily
	Allocation		reserve (replacing A28		Reserve-Normal (FCR-N)	A02 Weekly	
Result			Primary reserve process)	C27	Frequency Containment	A07	Intraday
	(Operational				Reserve-Disturbance (FCR-D)		contract
	bids)	A51	Automatic frequency	A12	Secondary control (A time series	N	lot used
			restoration reserve		concerning secondary reserve)		
			(replacing A29 Secondary		(aFRR, earlier LFC)		
			reserve process)				
		A58	Reserve option market	A01	Production	N	lot used
			(mFRR CM)	A04	Consumption	N	lot used
		A59	Internal trade reporting	A01	Production	N	lot used
				A04	Consumption	N	lot used
A44	Price	A01	Day-ahead	A06	External trade without explicit	N	lot used
document					capacity		
		A19	Intraday accumulated	A06	External trade without explicit capacity	N	lot used
		A52	Frequency containment	C26	Frequency Containment	N	lot used
			reserve (replacing A28		Reserve-Normal (FCR-N)		
			Primary reserve process)	C27	Frequency Containment	N	lot used
					Reserve-Disturbance (FCR-D)		
		A51	Automatic frequency	A12	Secondary control (A time series	N	lot used
	restoration reserve		restoration reserve		concerning secondary reserve)		
			(replacing A29 Secondary		(aFRR, earlier LFC)		
			reserve process)				
		A58	Reserve option market	A01	Production	N	lot used
			(mFRR CM)	A04	Consumption	N	lot used
		A59 Internal trade reporting		A01	Production	N	lot used
			(Bilateral trade)	A04	Consumption	N	lot used

5.7.4 Dependency matrix for Ediel Publication Document

Table 13: Dependency matrix for Ediel Publication Document

5.8 IEC/CIM Merit Order List Document

This description is based on the Merit Order List Document found in IEC62325-451-7 Ed.1 see [2] and the subset for MOL AOF described by NBM, see [11].

The document is used in the following exchanges:

- **Table 1:** ENTSO-E documents used in the Nordic trading system:
 - \circ $\,$ 6.0, mFRR EAM bid list



+Period 1

+Point 1...

«ABIE»

Series_Period

timeInterval: ESMP_DateTimeInterval resolution: Duration

+Price

+Energy_Price

0..1

«ABIF»

Price

amount: Amount_Decimal

Figure 26: Class diagram: Merit OrderL ist Document contextual model

0..1

quantity: Decimal

+Activated Quantity

«ABIE»

Point

 $\langle \rangle$

position: Position_Integer

«ABIE»

Quantity

0..1 +quantity

0..1

1..1
5.8.2 Class diagram: Ediel Merit Order List Document assembly model

class MeritOrderList assembly model



Figure 27: Class diagram: Merit Order List Document assembly model

Attribute	Cl.	Code and description		
MeritOrderList_MarketDocument				
mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the document being exchanged within a business process flow.		
revisionNumber	[1]	The identification of the version that distinguishes one evolution of a document from another.		
type	[1]	The coded type of a document. The document type describes the principal characteristic of the document. <i>NBM(TERRE):</i> A66 Final MOL		
process.processType	[1]	The identification of the nature of process that the document addresses. The process dealt with in the document. <i>NBM(TERRE/MARI):</i> A60 mFRR with scheduled activation		
sender_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is sending the document.		
Sender_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	The identification of the role played by the document owner (MarketParticipant). <i>NBM(TERRE/MARI):</i> A35 MOL Responsible		
receiver_MarketParticipant.mRID	[1]	Identification of the party who is receiving the document.		
receiver_MarketParticipant.marketRole.type	[1]	The identification of the role played by the document recipient (MarketParticipant). <i>NBM(TERRE/MARI):</i> A04 System Operator		
createdDateTime	[1]	Date and time of the creation of the document.		
period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the document.		
domain.mRID	[01]	The unique identification of the domain that is covered by the document.		

5.8.3 Attribute usage: Merit Order List Document (CIM version)

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
relatedReserveBid_MarketDocument.mRID	[01]	The identification of the Reserve Bid market document that has been taken into account.
		In the ESMP context, the "model authority" is defined as a party (originator of the exchange) that provides an identification in the context of a business exchange such as document identification.
		Master resource identifier issued by a model authority. The mRID is globally unique within an exchange context.
		Global uniqueness is easily achieved by using a UUID for the mRID. It is strongly recommended to do this.
		For CIMXML data files in RDF syntax, the mRID is mapped to rdf:ID or rdf:about attributes that identify CIM object elements.
relatedReserveBid_MarketDocument revisionNumber	[01]	The revision number (the version that distinguishes one evolution of a document from another) of the Reserve Bid market document that has been taken into account.
Reason	[0*]	
code	[1]	The motivation of an act in coded form.
text	[1]	The textual explanation corresponding to the reason code.
BidTimeSeries	[0*]	
marketAgreement.mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the agreement.
marketAgreement.createdDateTime	[01]	The date and time of the creation of the agreement.
priority	[01]	The numeric local priority given to a bid. Lower numeric values will have higher priority.
resourceProvider_MarketParticipant.mRID	[01]	The identification of the party that supplied the reserve.
registeredResource.mRID	[01]	The unique identification of a resource.
		This is the resource used to provide the reserve. The identification of a resource associated with a TimeSeries.
acquiring_Domain.mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the domain (area) where the product is being delivered.
connecting_Domain.mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the domain (area) where the resource is located.
auction.mRID	[1]	The unique identification of the auction.
auction.paymentTerms	[01]	The terms which dictate the determination of the bid payment price.
businessType	[1]	The identification of the nature of the time series.
		NBM(TERRE): B74 Offer B75 Need
bid_Period.timeInterval	[1]	The beginning and ending date and time of the period covered by the tender.

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
quantity_Measurement_Unit.name	[1]	The measurement unit associated with the quantities in the TimeSeries as defined by UN/ECE Recommendation 20.
currency_Unit.name	[01]	The formal ISO 4217 code identifying the currency associated with the TimeSeries.
price_Measurement_Unit.name	[01]	The measurement unit associated with the power price in the TimeSeries as defined by UN/ECE Recommendation 20.
energyPrice_Measurement_Unit.name	[01]	The measurement unit associated with the energy price in the TimeSeries as defined by UN/ECE Recommendation 20.
Direction	[1]	The coded identification of the energy flow.
		It states how the energy flows from the perspective of the acquiring domain's system operator.
		NBM(TERRE): A01 Up A02 Down
minimumActivation_Quantity.quantity	[01]	The minimum quantity of the product that can be activated.
stepIncrement_Quantity.quantity	[01]	The minimum step quantity permitted.
marketObjectStatus.status	[1]	The coded condition or position (status) of an object (TimeSeries) with regard to its standing.
		 NBM(TERRE): A06 Available (the offer has not been required) A10 Ordered (i.e. common platform has requested that the TSO activate an offer) A33 Not satisfied (i.e. The need cannot be satisfied by the common platform)
Reason	[0*]	
code	[1]	The motivation (reason) of an act in coded form.
text	[1]	The coded condition or position (status) of an object (TimeSeries) with regard to its standing.
		NBM(TERRE): A95 Complementary information
Series_Period	[0*]	
timeInterval	[1]	The start and end time of the period.
resolution	[1]	The resolution defining the number of periods that the time interval is divided. The resolution is expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 in the following format:
		PnYnMnDTnHnMnS.
		Where nY expresses a number of years, nM a number of months, nD a number of days. The letter "T" separates the date expression from the time expression and after it nH identifies a number of hours, nM a number of minutes and nS a number of seconds.
		E.g., PT1H or PT60M

Attribute	CI.	Code and description
Point	[1*]	
position	[1]	A sequential value representing the relative position within a given time interval.
quantity.quantity	[1]	The quantity that is tendered for the interval in question.
price.amount	[01]	This is the power price for each unit of quantity.
energy_Price.amount	[01]	The price of the energy that is used.
activated_Quantity.quantity	[01]	The quantity that has been activated for the interval in question.

Table 14: Attribute usage of Merit Order List Document (CIM version)

6 Business rules

6.1 General ground rules

The process flow assumes that a certain number of basic rules are respected. This does not include the specific rules that have been defined in an interchange agreement. These basic rules are:

- 1. The last valid document (latest Creation date) received before cut-off time is the valid document.
- 2. Reserve bids for mFRR EAM can be changed until 45 minutes before the hour.
- 3. All version numbers shall be positive integer values and leading zeros shall be suppressed.
- 4. All documents received shall have an acknowledgement (acceptance, rejection, or errors).
- 5. All the times related to energy products in the documents are expressed in Coordinated Universal Time (the acronym of which is UTC) in compliance with ISO 8601. This is restricted to YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MMZ in order to remain in conformity with XML schema requirements.
- 6. All the time intervals in the documents are expressed in compliance with ISO 8601 This is restricted to YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MMZ/YYYY-MMDDTHH:MMZ. The time interval has an inclusive start time and an exclusive end time and is expressed in minutes (i.e., 00:00Z to 00:00Z is exactly a 24-hour period).
- 7. The time interval defined in the period class shall always be a multiple of its resolution.
- 8. Negative quantities for a time series are only permitted for certain categories of time series.
- 9. It is preferred that the quantity for a *Balance responsible* time series in a day-ahead and an intraday is given in power units' as the average value over the time interval.
- 10. Whenever a coded value within a document is associated with a coding scheme, the coding scheme must always be supplied. The coding scheme is an independent attribute with a size of 3 alphanumeric characters.
- 11. To cancel bids, the Bid Document shall be resubmitted with "0"-values in the quantity of the relevant time series.
- 12. One legal entity can be identified by different id's for different purposes, apart from in Sweden.
- 13. All the documents use UTF-8, hence supporting all Scandinavian characters.